Mark Dunsing, Max Sterner, Lizzie Apgar, Courtney Linn

* South East Asia lies between the Indian and Pacific Ocean.
* Reaches as far down as Australia.
* Made of 2 parts

1. In Dochina, the mainland a peninsula that borders China to the North and India to the west
2. The islands and Sumatra is the largest. Others include Borneo and Java

* The khmer Empire was for centuries the main power on the south east asia main land
* Khmer which is present day Cambodia, was one of the most powerful empires in asia.
* This empire thrived in the 1200’s, and their capital was Angekor
* They created many cities and temples.
* One complex was called Angkor , which is one of the world’s greatest architectural achievements.
  + It was made in the name of Vishnu
* The Saikndera Dynasty ruled agriculturally on the island of Java.
* Another Architectual achievement was the Buddhist temple at Bordovur, and resembles Indian Architecture.
* The Koryu Dynasty lasted nearly five centuries from 935-1392
  + They had a central government
  + They established a civil service System
* Culture:
* The Khmers relied heavily on rice growing
* They planted rice near the banks of the Tonlé sap
* Pigs, cattle, chicken were kept under houses on stilts
* They main religions were Buddhism, and Hinduism
* History :
* Jayavarman II was a highly regarded king back in 802
* He helped set the foundations of Angkor period in Cambodian history.

Geography:

* South East Asia is one of the most volcanically active places in the world
* One of the worst eruptions was that of Krakatoa back in 1883
* It was so loud England could hear it
* It is hot and tropical year round
* Forests flourish and there are many diverse animals that live in this region

Demographics:

* As of 2007 more than 543 million people live in the region
* The Ethnic Groups consist of the Javanese, Burmese, Sundanese
* Kingdom of Majaphit: